



Safety Data Sheet AdBlue® / AUS32

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and the ADG requirements

1. IDENTIFICATION

Product Identifier

Product Name AdBlue®

Synonyms AUS 32 Aqueous Urea Solution, DEF (diesel exhaust fluid)

Other Means of Identification

Not available

Recommended Use & Restrictions of Use

Used for NOx reduction in exhaust gases from vehicles with diesel engines. Urea & water additive to be used for injection into diesel SCR exhaust

systems. Use as directed by engine manufacturer.

Supplier's Details

Company DGL AUSblue Pty Ltd

Address PO Box 5386, Brassall QLD 4306, Australia

Telephone 1300 287 258

Email info@ausblue.com.au
Website ausblue.com.au

Emergency Telephone Number

Association Australian Poisons Information Centre

Telephone Number 13 11 26 **Emergency Services** 000

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Non-Hazardous Chemical. Non-Dangerous Goods.

According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code

Classification of the Substance/Mixture

Not Applicable

Label Elements

GHS Label Elements Not Applicable Hazard Statement/s Not Applicable

Precautionary Statement

Keep out of reach of children. Avoid contact with skin and eyes and avoid breathing dust/vapour or spray mist. Wear overalls, impervious gloves and chemical goggles. Use only in well ventilated areas. Store away from other chemicals. Keep containers closed when not in use.

Harmful if swallowed. Give plenty of water to drink and seek medical advice. If in eye, flush gently with running water for 15 minutes. If inhaled, remove from exposure area. If irritation persists, seek medical attention. If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush affected areas with running water. If irritation persists, seek medical attention.

Refer to Waste Management Authority. Dispose of material through a licensed waste contractor.

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3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Substances Mixture of demineralised water & urea.

<u>Mixtures</u>

CAS No. % (weight) Name 57-13-6 Urea

7732-18-5 >60 Demineralized water

Total: 100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

General Information Not expected to be a health hazard when used under normal conditions

Eye Contact • Flush eye with copious quantities of water.

• If persistent irritation occurs, obtain medical attention.

Skin Contact • Remove contaminated clothing.

• Flush exposed area with water and follow by washing with soap if

available.

Inhalation
 No treatment necessary under normal conditions of use.

• If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

No treatment necessary unless large quantities are swallowed.

• If symptoms persist, obtain medical advice.

Indication of immediate medical attention/special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Extinguishing Media

The product contains a substantial proportion of water, therefore there are no restriction on the type of extinguisher that may be used. Choice of extinguisher media should take into account surrounding areas.

Though the material is non-combustive, evaporation of water from the mixture, cause by the heat of nearby fire, may produce floating layers of combustible subsstances. In such an event consider:

- Foam
- Dry chemical powder
- Carbon dioxide

Special hazards arising from the chemical

- When heated, releases ammonia.
- When heated to decomposition, releases toxic fumes of nitrogen oxides, ammonia, cyanuric acid.

Advice for Fire Fighters

- Clear fire area of non-emergency personal.
- Alert fire brigade: define location, nature of hazard.
- Wear personal safety equipment: breathing apparatus, gloves.
- Use firefighting procedures suitable for the surrounding environment.
- **Do not** approach containers suspected to be hot.
- Cool fire exposed containers with water spray from a protected locations.
- If safe to do so, remove containers from path of fire.





6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASES MEASURES

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See 8. Exposure Controls/Personal Protection

Environmental precautions

See 12. Ecological information

Methods & materials for containment & cleaning up

Containment

• Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

• Use absorbent material such as sand, earth, vermiculite.

Major spill • Alert fire brigade: define location, nature of hazard.

Use absorbent material such as sand, earth, vermiculite.

• Prevent entry to sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas.

7. HANDLING & STORAGE

Precautions for safe handling

- Use in well ventilated area.
- Properly dispose of contaminated rags or cleaning materials.
- Use personal safety equipment, including safety footwear when drums are being handled.
- Store away from incompatible materials.

Conditions for safe storage, including anyincompatibilities Suitable containers

- Check all containers are clearly labelled and free from leaks
- Polyethylene (PE)
- Polypropylene (PP)

Incompatible storage

Avoid..

Clean up

- Storage/mixing with oxidizing agents.
- Carbon steels, zinc coated carbon steels, mild iron.
- Non-ferrous metals & alloys: copper, copper alloys, zinc, lead.
- Solders containing lead, silver zinc, copper.
- Aluminium, aluminium alloys.
- Magnesium, magnesium alloys.
- · Plastics or metals coated with nickel.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control Parameters

The following materials had no OEL's,

• AdBlue®, AUS 32, DEF.

Ingredient Data See separate SDS for UREA

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8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION (continued)

Exposure Controls

• remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker & the hazard. The basic types of engineering controls are,

Appropriate engineering controls

 process controls: change the way a job activity or process is done to reduce the risk.

 enclosure and/or isolation of emission source: keep a selected hazard physically away from the worker and ventilation that appropriately removes or adds air to the work environment.

Personal protection







Eye and face protection

· Safety glasses with side shield

Skin protection

See Hands/feet protection below

Hands/feet protection

• Protective gloves e.g. PVC safety gloves

• Safety footwear or safety gum boots e.g. rubber boots

Body protection

Flash point

Evaporation rate

OverallsPVC apron

Other protection Thermal protection

Barrier cream, skin cleansing cream, eye wash unit.

Not available.

Respiratory protection

Particulate. (AS/NZS 1716 & 1715, EN 143:000 & 149:001, ASNI Z88 or national

Explosive properties

Vapor Density (Air=1)

Not Available

Non-determined

equivalent)

9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Not applicable

Not determined

Appearance	Clear colourless slightly alkaline	Density	1.09 g/cm3
	liquid with odour of ammonia.	Relative density (water=1)	1.09@20C
	Mixes with water.	Solubility in water	> 100 g/l
Physical State	liquid	Partition Coefficient	Not determined
Odour	Slight ammonia	Auto ignition temp.	Not determined
Odour threshold	Not determined	Decomposition temp.	100
pH as supplied	Not determined	Viscosity (cSt)	Not determined
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	-11.5	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not determined
Initial boiling point & boiling range (°C)	100	Taste	Not determined

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9. PHYSICAL and CHEMICAL PROPERTIES ((continued)
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Non-Flammable Not Available **Flammability** Oxidising properties

Upper Explosive

Limit

Not Available **Surface Tension** Not Available

Lower Explosive

Limit

Not Available **Volatile Component (% vol)** Not Available

Vapour Pressure

(kPa)

6.4 @ 40C

Gas Group

Not Available

Solubility in Water

Vapour Density (Air = 1)

Miscible Not Available

VOC (g/L)

pH as a Solution (1%)

Not Available

9.8-10 (10%)

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity See 7. Handling and Storage

 Product is considered stable. **Chemical stability**

• Hazardous polymerization will not occur.

Possibility of hazardous reactions See 7. Handling and Storage

Conditions to avoid See 7. Handling and Storage

Incompatible materials See 7. Handling and Storage

Hazardous decomposition materials See 7. Handling and Storage

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Information of toxicological effects

There is some evidence to suggest that the material can cause Inhalation

respiratory irritation in some persons. The body's response to such

irritation can cause further lung damage.

Urea may cause irritation to the digestive tract, nausea, vomiting, Ingestion

diarrhea, salt depletion, headache, confusion.

The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated

exposure and may produce on contact skin redness, swelling, the

production of vesicles, scaling and thickening of the skin.

The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing

inflammation. Repeated or prolonged exposure to irritants may produce

conjunctivitis.

Substance accumulation in the human body may occur and may cause Chronic

some concern following repeated or long-term occupational exposure.

AdBlue® / AUS 32

Aqueous Urea Solution

Skin contact

Eye contact

TOXICITY

No adverse health effect are expected If the product is handles in accordance

with this Safety Data Sheet.

IRRITATION

Eye: Mild irritation

Skin contact: Mild irritation

Inhalation: May cause respiratory

irritation

Ingestion: May cause nausea.

vomiting, diarrhea and abdominal pain.





Toxicity

Ingredient AdBlue®

Toxicity
Not available

Irritation

Not available

Urea Oral (rat) LD50: 8471 mg/kg [2]

Skin (human): 22mg/3 d (I)- mild

Water Oral (ra

Oral (rat) LD50: >90000 mg/kg [2] Not available

12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Toxicity

Ingredient	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source	
urea	LC50	96	Fish	5mg/L	4	
urea	EC50	48	Crustacea	3910mg/L	4	
urea	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	42184.758mg/L	3	
urea	BCF	24	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.05mg/L	4	
urea	EC50	384	Crustacea	894.861mg/L	3	
urea	NOEC	96	Crustacea	1000mg/L	4	
Legend:	Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxici 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data					

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste treatment methods

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirement may differ by country, state or territory. Each user must refer to laws operating in their area.

This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not be contaminated so as the make it unsuitable for its intended use.

- Do not allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter storm-water drains.
- It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal.

Product & packaging disposal

- Disposal to sewer may be subject to local laws & regulations and these should be considered first.
- Recycle wherever possible.
- Consult manufacturer for recycling options or consult local or regional waste management authority for disposal if no suitable treatment or disposal facility can be identified.
- Dispose of by: burial in a specifically licensed landfill (chemical and/or pharmaceutical waste), or incineration in licensed apparatus (after admixture with suitable combustible material).
- decontaminate empty containers.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

Labels Required

Marine Pollutant NO

HAZCHEM Not Applicable

Land transport (ADG):

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR):

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

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¹ Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances – Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS – Register of Toxic Effect of Chemical Substances.





15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Non-Hazardous Chemical. Non-Dangerous Goods.

According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code

UREA(57-13-6) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

WATER(7732-18-5) IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS Australia Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)

16. OTHER INFORMATION

This safety data sheet has been prepared by DGL AUSblue Pty Ltd.

This SDS summarises to our best knowledge at the date of issue, the chemical health and safety hazards of the material and general guidance on how to safely handle the material in the workplace. Since DGL AUSblue Pty Ltd cannot anticipate or control the conditions under which the product may be used, each user must, prior to usage, assess and control the risks arising from its use of the material.

If clarification or further information is needed, the user should contact their DGL AUSblue representative or DGL AUSblue Pty Ltd at the contact details on page 1.

DGL AUSblue Pty Ltd's responsibility for the material as sold is subject to the terms and conditions of sale, a copy of which is available upon request.

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